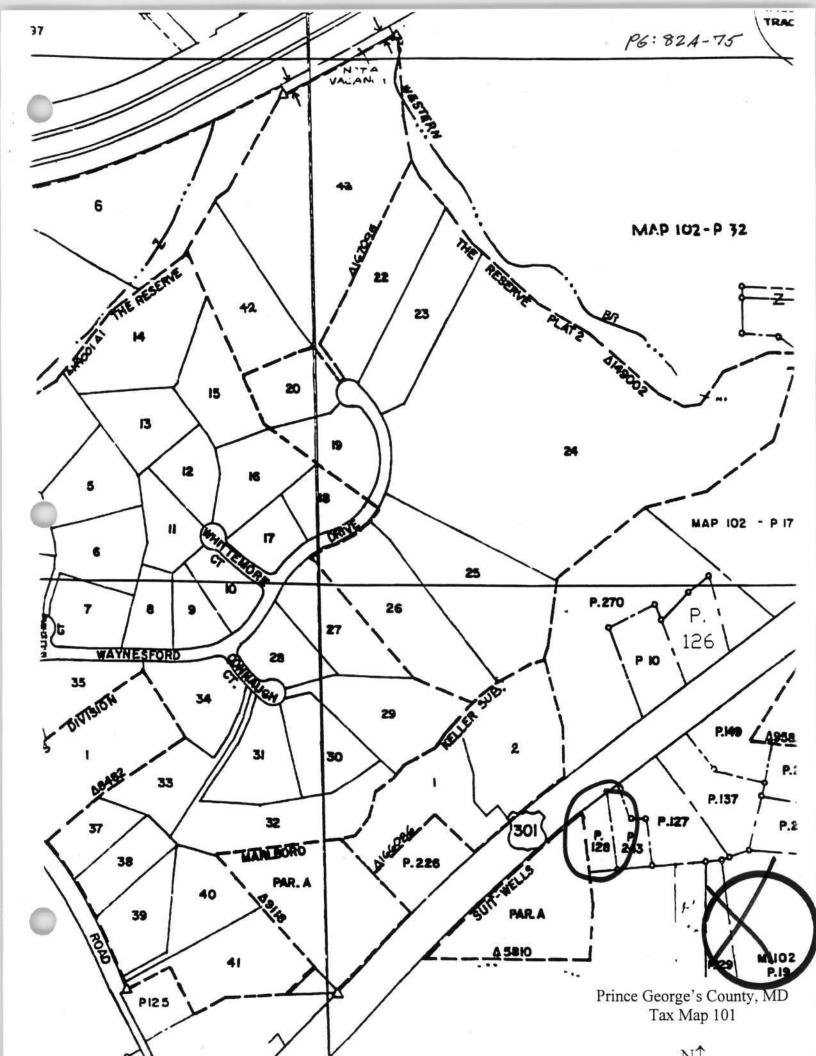
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

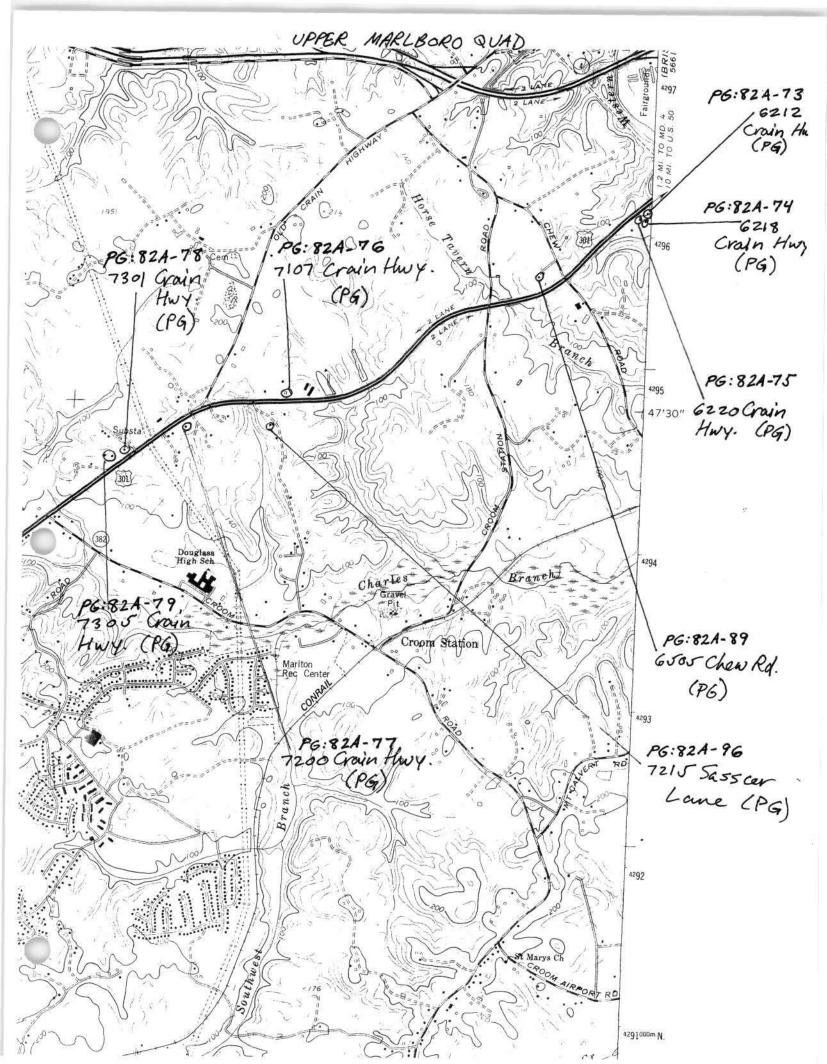
Property Name: Inventory Number PG: 824 - 75
Address: 6220 Crain Highway, SE, Prince George's County - in the Vicinity of Opper Marlave
Owner: Chuang, Wayjong & Thi-Phuong Eva M. Cortis
Tax Parcel Number: 19 128 Tax Map Number: 101
Project MD 301 Agency State Highway Administration (SHA)
Site visit by SHA Staff: X no yes Name: Date:
Eligibility recommended Eligibility not recommended _X
Criteria _ A _ B _ C _ D Considerations: _ A _ B _ C _ D _ E _ F _ G _ X None
Is property located within a historic district? X no _ yes Name of District:
Is district listed?: X no _ yes
Documentation on the property/district is presented in: Project Review and Compliance Files
Description of Property and Eligibility Determination (Use continuation sheet if necessary and attach map and photo)
The one-and-a-half story house is a vernacular expression of the Cape Cod cottage of the Colonial Revival style. The house has a side-gabled roof and two dormers with front-gabled roofs. The main roof extends at the main elevation and creates a porch. The screened-in porch has a four-step wood staircase leading to the main entrance. The county seat for Prince George's County was moved from Charles Town to Marlborough (later known as Upper Marlboro) in 1721. The town's establishment as the county seat was the result of and a contributing factor to the aggressive growth of the town's position as a commercial and social center for the county. The completion of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad from Bowie in Prince George's County to Pope's Creek in Charles County in 1872 had a great impact on Upper Marlboro by prompting an increase in commercial investments and new residents. The third event that had a great impact on the Upper Marlboro area was the construction of Crain Highway, later known as US 301, in 1922.
The States Road Commission began construction of the Robert Crain Highway (later US 301) in 1922. Crain
Prepared by EHT Traceries, Inc.
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW Eligibility recommended Criteria: _ A _ B C _ D Consideration _ A _ B _ C _ D _ E _ F _ G _ None
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services Date
Reviewer, NR Program Date

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Highway was designed to link southern Maryland's rural areas to northern Maryland's urban areas. With the introduction of a better road system, limited development was allowed to flourish along the corridors and within the rural areas of southern Maryland. When the Nice Memorial Bridge was completed in 1940 and linked the Virginia side of the Potomac to the Maryland side in Charles County, Crain Highway served as a bypass between Florida and New York. Crain Highway was widened in 1950 to handle the increase in traffic.

The c. 1920-1930 house is not eligible for the National Register. The resource lacks significance related to events, persons, or architecture. Criterion D, information potential, was not assessed for this study.







PG: 82A-75

Waro Crain Highway, SE

Prince George's County, MD

Traceries

June, 1999

MO SHPO

View of southwest elevation